COMPONENTS OF AN INVOICE OR RECEIPT:

- Transaction Date
- Merchant / Supplier Name
- Supplier / Merchant Address
- Detail of items purchased or services rendered
- Amount (both before tax and after tax)

If a receipt cannot be obtained for a PCard or Reimbursement transaction, a <u>Missing Receipt</u> <u>Affidavit</u> must be completed and attached to the Expense Report.





ITEMS TO INCLUDE ON BUSINESS EXPENSE TRANSACTIONS:

- Business Purpose
- Detailed and Summary Receipts (as applicable)
- Proof of Payment (reimbursement only)
- If certain travel expenditures are \$75 or less (when in travel status), a receipt is not required. The actual amount spent must be submitted. Exceptions include:
 - Airfare
 - Automobile rental
 - Conference registrations
 - Lodging

Type of Expenditure	Documentation Requirements
Conference Registration	A copy of an agenda showing the location of the conference, dates of the conference, information on meals or other incidentials included in the registration fee.
	A copy of the summary receipt that supports the total cost of the conference.
Airfare - Commercial	A detailed itinerary that includes: departure and arrival dates and times, flight numbers, class of travel, total flight cost, and payment method.
	If the trip includes both personal and business activities, a price comparison for the personal and business portion should be submitted. The University will reimburse for the lesser of the two.
	Business class airfare is allowable for both domestic and international flights that have a continuous flight time of 4 hours or more. Preapproval by the traveler's Vice President or Dean is required and must be attached to the expense report.
Airfare - Chartered / Donated	Must be paid directly through the University's payment process (traveler's may not be reimbursed for chartered airfare expenses).
	 Documentation includes: Completed and approved 'Aircraft Request Form' The Aircraft Request Form number should be included on the documentation submitted for payment A detailed invoice with passengers, aircraft description, and itinerary A comparison of cost for the chartered flight versus a similar commerical flight Business purpose detailing why a chartered flight was chosen

Type of Expenditure	Documentation Requirements
Automobile Rental	A detailed receipt including: • Booking dates • Car type • Total cost • Payment method
Mileage	Document the origination, via points, and destination points in Workday. If a traveler is seeking reimbursement for multiple trips on one expense report, each trip should be documented on separate lines of the expense report.
	If a traveler elects to drive to a location that is farther than 400 miles one way (800 round trip), a flight comparison must be submitted with the expense report. The lesser of the two amounts will be reimbursed.
Ground Transportation	Includes rideshares, taxis, rail, and private car services. Private car services are generally not allowable and must be approved in advance by the President, Provost, or Executive Vice Presicent and CFO. Receipts are not required when these expenses are \$75 or less and in travel status. However, the actual amount spent must be documented.
Lodging	A detailed folio (receipt) showing the name of the accommodation, address, detailed listing of charges, name of traveler and total amount. The folio must show a zero balance. If a traveler stays in a private residence at no cost, a non- cash gift up to \$50 may be provided to the host. • A detailed receipt is required.

Type of Expenditure	Documentation Requirements
Meals While Traveling Meals while traveling that includes an outside individual is considered entertainment and must be supported with proper entertainment documentation outlined below.	 Actual Receipt Method: Receipts are not required for meals totaling \$75 or less Detailed and summary receipts are required when the total exceeds \$75 Regardless of amount, the actual amount of the meal should be submitted / reconciled Per Diem Method (Domestic or International): The per diem method provides a fixed daily allowance for meals Receipts are not required First and last days are reduced by 25% and the hours must be documented on the travel journal portion of the Expense Report in Workday
Meals - Local and Entertainment Entertainment expenses are any expenses that are incurred to provide entertainment, recreation, or hospitality. These expenses can be between employees or with outside individuals.	 Detailed summary receipts are required regardless of the amount A business purpose must clearly describe: How the expense is directly related to the mission and purpose of the University Names of the individuals in attendance at any University sponsored event, meal, etc. and their relationship to the University Departmental events are considered entertainment and should be infrequent in nature Meals between employees are generally not allowed except for when: A University guest is present Honoring an employee (e.g. retirement, or a significant award) Business is being conducted that cannot reasonably be performed in the office due to scheduling conflicts or confidentiality requirements Work is required during normal meal times (e.g. lunch) or during non-standard hours (e.g. nights or weekends)

Type of Expenditure	Documentation Requirements
Tips / Gratuities	Must be shown on the receipts submitted and should not exceed 20% of the related service
	If for some reason, a tip in excess of 20% is warranted, a business purpose must be submitted stating how the service was exceptional
	Documentation requirements for for chartered service tips can be found in the <u>Travel, Entertainment, and Other</u> <u>Business Expense Policy and Procedure</u>
Companion Travel	Advance approval by the President, Provost, Executive Vice President & CFO, or Traveler's Vice President or Dean must accompany the Expense Report in Workday
	Business purpose of the companion's activities must provide a clear and direct benefit to the University
	The companion's activities must be substantial and not indicential. Incidental activities include note taking, goodwill, organizing schedules, etc.
	A detailed itinerary with the tasks of the companion must be documented and submitted with the Expense Report
	If the travel is approved, the documentation requirements for the travel expenses are the same for a companion as an employee
Relocation	Relocation is considered a taxable expense and will be reported on an employee's W-2
	Human Resource guidelines must be followed